AMENDMENT REQUIREMENTS in JAPAN



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Before first Office Action (OA)

Even a new set of claims can be presented, as far as **no new matter** is introduced.

After any OA

Claimed subject matter may not shift beyond the unity of the invention

After the final OA

Only existing elements of claims can be further limited



A generalized concept is considered as a "New Matter."

"when an amendment introduces a new generic concept that includes a subject matter not described in the original specification, the amendment is deemed to have introduced a <u>new matter</u>."

from JPEG: Japanese Patent Examination Guideline



Example from the JPEG

The claim recited "hydraulic cylinder." No other cylinder was disclosed.

"hydraulic cylinder" cannot be amended to "fluid pressure cylinder."

"" "fluid pressure cylinder" includes "air cylinder."



Intermediate Concept, OK?

 Even when broader and narrower concepts are described, an intermediate concept is rarely accepted, since:

 it can be considered a new matter with respect to either broader or narrower concept.



Suggestions

- When filing a Japanese or PCT application, add general and intermediate words of key elements for supporting the future amendments.
- In a Paris-route, RYUKA can add those words upon your request.
- Choose the words from the specification for amendments.



After any OA (Office Action):

The claimed subject matter may not shift

The amended claims and examined claims must satisfy the unity of invention requirement.



Example

- Claims A and B lack unity of the invention.
- Only claim A is examined.
- Canceling claim A to leave claim B:
 - → Not accepted.



Suggestions

- When claims A and B might not satisfy the unity of invention requirement,
 - Present more important claims in front.

- When cancelling the first claim group in a foreign country:
 - consider filing a preliminary amendment in JP.



After Final OA: Only existing claim elements can be further limited

New elements cannot be added.

ex. Claims 2 and 3 having different elements depend from claim 1.



Claim 3 cannot be amended to depend from claim 2.



Suggestions

• In response to the first OA, amend dependent claims to depend from all possible claims.

→ Reserves more freedom to choose any combination of claims for the future.

